Performance

over (%)

NAV

Share price

(Total return)

(Total return)

Benchmark

(Total return)

Relative NAV

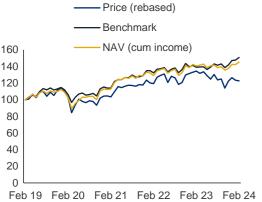
(Total return)

Factsheet - at 29 February 2024

Marketing Communication

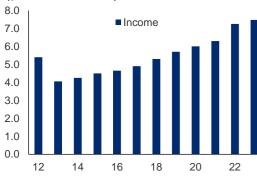


Share price performance (total return)



From April 2022, the benchmark changed from the MSCI World (ex UK) Index to the MSCI ACWI (ex UK) High Dividend Yield Index.

Dividend history (pence/share)



In the 2012 financial year, five interim dividends were paid over a 15 month period totalling 5.4p. Please note that this chart could include dividends that have been declared but not yet paid.

Discrete year performance (%)	Share price (total return)	NAV (total return)	((r a
31/12/2022 to 31/12/2023	-3.8	2.8	C C F r r a
31/12/2021 to 31/12/2022	6.4	4.0	
31/12/2020 to 31/12/2021	18.4	18.1	
31/12/2019 to 31/12/2020	-8.1	0.2	
31/12/2018 to 31/12/2019	15.4	16.3	

3v

-1.8 -5.2 -3.4 -5.5 -33.3

6m

-10

4.8

6.6

1v

-8.8

3.3

85

5v

32.2 50.8 163.0

10v

All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar.

Source: at 29/02/24. © 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. **Past performance does not predict future returns**.

18.622.6103.7Performance
In the month under review the Company's NAV total
return was 2.1% and the MSCI ACWI (ex UK) High
Dividend Yield Index total return was 2.1%.

Commentary at a glance

Contributors/detractors

Stronger economic data supported good performance from industrials holdings. Technology positions benefited from good corporate results and excitement about artificial intelligence. Energy holdings underperformed given weaker natural gas prices.

Outlook

Continued economic resilience, upbeat corporate results and positive shareholder return announcements suggest the global economy is coping with higher interest rates better than many commentators expected.

References made to individual securities do not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned.

Company overview

Objective

The Company seeks to provide shareholders with a growing total annual dividend, as well as capital appreciation.

Highlights

Specifically designed as a complementary diversifier for UK income-driven investors with a global income mandate excluding the UK.

Company information

NAV (cum income)	183.2p	
NAV (ex income)	183.3p	
Share price	156.0p	
Discount(-)/premium(+)	-14.8%	
Yield	4.8%	
Net gearing	2%	
Net cash	-	
Total assets Net assets	£380m £359m	
Market capitalisation	£306m	
Total voting rights	195,978,716	
Total number of holdings 66		
Ongoing charges (year end 31 Aug 2023)	0.72%	
Benchmark	MSCI ACWI (ex UK) High Dividend Yield Index	
Source: BNP Paribas for holding all other data. Differences in calc methodology used.	s information and Morningstar for sulation may occur due to the	
Please note that the total voting	rights in the Company do not	

Please note that the total voting rights in the Company do not include shares held in Treasury.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

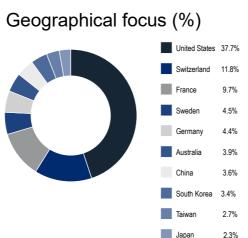
How to invest Go to www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest Find out more Go to www.hendersoninternationalincometrust.com

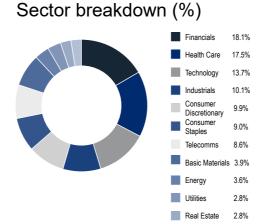
Janus Henderson INVESTORS

Factsheet - at 29 February 2024

Marketing Communication

Top 10 holdings	(%)	C
Microsoft	4.8	
Merck	3.5	
Sanofi	3.4	
Zurich Insurance Group	2.8	
Novartis	2.6	
Roche	2.6	-
Coca-Cola	2.4	
Amundi	2.3	
Travelers Cos	2.2	
nVent Electric	2.2	





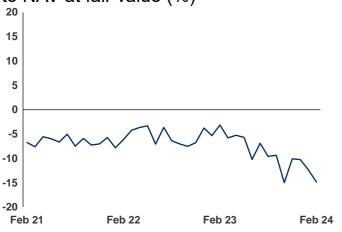
The above sector breakdown may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned

References made to individual securities do not constitute a

The above geographical breakdown may not add up to 100% as this only shows the top 10.

Premium/(discount) of share price to NAV at fair value (%)





All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar. Share price total return is calculated using mid-market share price with dividends reinvested.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

10 year total return of £1,000

How to invest Go to www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest

Customer services 0800 832 832

Key information

Stock code	HINT	
AIC sector	AIC Global Equity Income	
Benchmark	MSCI ACWI (ex UK) High Dividend Yield Index	
Company type	Conventional (Ords)	
Launch date	2011	
Financial year	31-Aug	
Dividend payment	February, May, August, November	
Risk rating (Source: Numis)	Average	
Management fee	0.575% per annum of net assets (from 1 September 2022)	
Performance fee	No	
See Annual Report & Key Information Document for more information)		
Regional focus	Global ex UK	
Fund manager appointment	Ben Lofthouse 2011	





Factsheet - at 29 February 2024

Marketing Communication



Glossary

Discount/Premium

The amount by which the price per share of an investment company is either lower (at a discount) or higher (at a premium) than the net asset value per share (cum income), expressed as a percentage of the net asset value per share.

Gearing

The effect of borrowing money for investment purposes (financial gearing). The amount a company can "gear" is the amount it can borrow in order to invest. Gearing is used in the expectation that the returns on the investments bought will exceed the costs of the borrowings that funded the purchase. This Company can also use synthetic gearing through derivatives and foreign exchange hedging and/or other non-fully funded instruments or techniques.

Leverage

The Company's leverage is the sum of financial gearing and synthetic gearing. Details of the Company's leverage limits can be found in both the Key Information Document and Annual Report. Where a company utilises leverage, the profits and losses incurred by the company can be greater than those of a company that does not use leverage.

Market capitalisation

Share price multiplied by the number of shares in issue, excluding treasury shares, at month end. Shares typically priced mid-market at month-end closing.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The total value of a Company's assets less its liabilities.

NAV (Cum Income)

The value of investments and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV (Ex Income)

The value of investments and cash, excluding current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV total return

The theoretical total return on shareholders' funds per share reflecting the change in Net Asset Value (NAV) assuming that dividends paid to shareholders were reinvested at NAV at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. A way of measuring investment management performance of investment trusts which is not affected by movements in discounts/premiums.

Net assets

Total assets minus any liabilities such as bank loans or creditors.

Net cash

A company's net exposure to cash/cash equivalents expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds, after any offset against its gearing. This is only shown for companies that have gearing in place.

Net gearing

A company's total assets (less cash/cash equivalents) divided by shareholders' funds expressed as a percentage.

Ongoing charges

The total expenses for the financial year (excluding performance fee), divided by the average daily net assets, multiplied by 100.

Risk rating

The key measure used to assess risk is volatility of returns, using historic net asset value (NAV) performance of the Company over 1 and 3 years. In this instance volatility measures how much a company's NAV fluctuates over time in relation to the UK Equity market. The higher a volatility figure, the more the NAV has fluctuated (both up and down) over time. Please note that risk categorisations are indicative and based principally on historic data and should not be solely relied upon when making investment decisions.

Share price

Closing mid-market share price at month end.

Share price total return

The theoretical total return to the investor assuming that all dividends received were reinvested in the shares of the company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. Transaction costs are not taken into account.

Total assets

Cum Income NAV multiplied by the number of shares, plus prior charges at fair value.

Yield

Calculated by dividing the current financial year's dividends per share (this will include prospective dividends) by the current price per share, then multiplying by 100 to arrive at a percentage figure.

For a full list of terms please visit: https://www.janushenderson.com/engb/investor/glossary/

Factsheet - at 29 February 2024 Marketing Communication



Source for fund ratings/awards

Overall Morningstar Rating[™] is shown for an investment company achieving a rating of 4 or 5.

Company specific risks

- This Company is suitable to be used as one component of several within a diversified investment portfolio. Investors should consider carefully the proportion of their portfolio invested in this Company.
- Active management techniques that have worked well in normal market conditions could prove ineffective or negative for performance at other times.
- The Company could lose money if a counterparty with which it trades becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the Company.
- Shares can lose value rapidly, and typically involve higher risks than bonds or money market instruments. The value of your investment may fall as a result.
- Higher yielding bonds are issued by companies that may have greater difficulty in repaying their financial obligations. High yield bonds are not traded as frequently as government bonds and therefore may be more difficult to trade in distressed markets.
- The return on your investment is directly related to the prevailing market price of the Company's shares, which will trade at a varying discount (or premium) relative to the value of the underlying assets of the Company. As a result, losses (or gains) may be higher or lower than those of the Company's assets.
- Global portfolios may include some exposure to Emerging Markets, which tend to be less stable than more established markets. These markets can be affected by local political and economic conditions as well as variances in the reliability of trading systems, buying and selling practices and financial reporting standards.
- The portfolio allows the manager to use options for efficient portfolio management. Options can be volatile and may result in a capital loss.
- Where the Company invests in assets that are denominated in currencies other than the base currency, the currency exchange rate movements may cause the value of investments to fall as well as rise.
- If the Company seeks to minimise risks (such as exchange rate movements), the measures designed to do so may be ineffective, unavailable or negative for performance.
- The Company may use gearing (borrowing to invest) as part of its investment strategy. If the Company utilises its ability to gear, the profits and losses incurred by the Company can be greater than those of a Company that does not use gearing.
- All or part of the Company's management fee is taken from its capital. While this allows more income to be paid, it may also restrict capital growth or even result in capital erosion over time.

Not for onward distribution. Before investing in an investment trust referred to in this document, you should satisfy yourself as to its suitability and the risks involved, you may wish to consult a financial adviser. This is a marketing communication. Please refer to the AIFMD Disclosure document and Annual Report of the AIF before making any final investment decisions. Past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can fall as well as rise and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Tax assumptions and reliefs depend upon an investor's particular circumstances and may change if those circumstances or the law change. Nothing in this document is intended to or should be construed as advice. This document is not a recommendation to sell or purchase any investment. It does not form part of any contract for the sale or purchase of any investment. We may record telephone calls for our mutual protection, to improve customer service and for regulatory record keeping purposes.

Issued in the UK by Janus Henderson Investors. Janus Henderson Investors is the name under which investment products and services are provided by Janus Henderson Investors International Limited (reg. no. 3594615), Janus Henderson Investors UK Limited (reg. no. 906355), Janus Henderson Fund Management UK Limited (reg. no. 2678531), (each registered in England and Wales at 201 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 3AE and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority) and Janus Henderson Investors Europe S.A. (reg no. B22848 at 2 Rue de Bitbourg, L-1273, Luxembourg and regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier).

Janus Henderson is a trademark of Janus Henderson Group plc or one of its subsidiaries. © Janus Henderson Group plc